

NOW IT COMES WITH A LIST OF INGREDIENTS.

Eagle Crest Resort
1522 Cline Falls Highway
Redmond, OR 97756
Bob McDaniel
541-504-2305



If this information looks familiar, It is, EPA has required this report since 1997

From the Ground water wells to your tap, Eagle Crest Resort delivers the highest quality water possible. The federal government requires each water system to provide a detailed report of the quality of the water you are drinking and we are proud to provide this years report. The language in this report is a mandatory requirement by the EPA. We are pleased that our water system had no violations and no test results that exceeded the maximum allowed by the EPA for the 2008 testing year. We encourage you to take the time to become familiar with the information contained in this report, and use this report as a reference throughout the year. You may also attend one of our regularly scheduled meetings held the first Tuesday of each Quarter.

Key and Definitions

- **AL - Action Level**, the concentration of a contaminant which if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements.
- **EPA - Environmental Protection Agency**, sets water quality standards and establishes methods and monitoring requirements for water utilities.
- **MCL - Maximum Contaminant Level**, the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCL's are set as close to the MCLG's as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
- **MCLG - Maximum Contaminant Level Goal**, the level of a contaminant in drinking water which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLG's allow a margin of safety.
- **PPB/ug/l - Parts Per Billion**. the equivalent of one second in 32 years.
- **PPM - Parts Per Million**, the equivalent of one second in 12 days.
- **Result/Range** - the column that shows you what level of contaminant was found in the water you drink.

Where Water Comes From:

The sources of (both tap and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals and human activity.

Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.

Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff,

industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.

Pesticides and Herbicides, comes from agricultural, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.

Organic Chemical Contaminants, synthetic and volatile organic chemicals are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and also from gas stations, urban storm-water runoff, and septic systems.

Radioactive Contaminants, Naturally occurring or the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

Drinking water and bottled water may contain at least small

amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline

(800-426-4791)



Special Notice to Immuno-Compromised Persons

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, peo-

ple with HIV/Aids or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advise about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on ap-

propriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the

Safe Drinking Water Hotline

(800-426-4791)

The table below reflects test results from 2008. The EPA allows Eagle Crest Resort to test for some contaminants less often, only contaminants that were detected and within the last 5 years have been reported below. Eagle Crest Resort tested over hundreds of contaminants within the 5 year period, only a few were detected.

Primary Standards (directly related to the safety of drinking water)

Inorganics	Units)	MCL	MCLG	Range	Violation	Likely source
2008 - Nitrate	(ppb)	10	10	1.97 - 205	No	Erosion of natural deposits
Lead & Copper	(Units)	MCLG	AL	90th%	Violation	Likely source
2007 - Copper	(ppm)	1.3	1.3	0.112	No	Household plumbing
Radiological Contaminants	(Units)	MCL	MCLG	Result	Violation	Likely source
2007 - Gross Alpha	(pCi/l)	15	0	5.4	No	Erosion of natural deposits

Lead in Drinking Water/You might want to have it tested

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Eagle Crest Resort water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water to drink or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>, Or by contacting the laboratory 541-312-9454.

Where our water source comes from:

The aquifer supplying water to our ground-water wells is deep and confined. The wells are approximately 225 feet deep.

Please help us keep our water as pristine in the future as it is now for our future generations

Some sources of contaminants come from direct dumping of trash and hazardous waste. Other sources of contaminants such as fertilizers, pesticides, and herbicides that arrive indirectly by way of runoff from yards during rain events. Please help prevent any contaminants from entering our drinking water.

Source Water Assessment

The 1996 amendments to the Safe Drinking Water Act require that all states conduct Source Water Assessments for public water systems within their boundaries. The assessments consist of (1) identification of the Drinking Water Protection area, i.e., the area at the surface that is directly above the part of the aquifer that supplies groundwater to our well. (2) identification of **potential** sources of pollution within the drinking water protection area, and (3) determining the susceptibility or relative risk to the well water from those sources. The purpose of the assessment is to provide water systems with information they need to develop a strategy to protect their water resource if they choose.

The Drinking Water Programs of The Department of Human Services and Environmental Quality has completed a Source Water Assessment.

A copy of the report is on file for viewing by visiting the water department office or contacting the office at 541-504-2305.

How to access more information on our water system

On the internet type in WWW.dhs.state.or.us/publichealth/dwp, under MENU click on [Data Online](#), under the blue box that has Drinking Water Program choose [WS ID Look Up](#), and in the box beside PWS Number: OR41 type in 01355 and click View Results. You can scroll to the bottom and choose options to browse information for Eagle Crest Resort.